

Public Quantitative Disclosure Standards for Central Counterparties

ASX Clear Pty Limited

December 2021



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DISCLAIMER	



Introduction

Overview

ASX Clear Pty Limited (ASX Clear) is the central counterparty (CCP) for the clearing of shares, warrants and exchange-traded funds traded on ASX Trade or via an Approved Market Operator (AMO).

As the central counterparty, the Clearing House becomes the seller to every buyer and the buyer to every seller, making it liable for completing all cleared transactions on the relevant market. This occurs through a contractual process known as novation, in accordance with the operating rules of the Clearing House.

Standard and Poor's (S&P)

ASX has obtained an S&P issuer credit rating for ASX Clear. S&P has assigned an AA- long-term and A1+ short-term credit rating to ASX Clear. The rating outlook on the long-term issuer credit rating is stable.

European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) recognition

The European Market Infrastructure Regulation ("EMIR") was adopted by the European Parliament on 4 July 2012. Under EMIR, a CCP established outside of the European Union may continue to provide clearing services to clearing members established in the European Union only if ESMA recognises the CCP as a 'third-country CCP'. In addition, under the European Capital Requirements Directive IV ("CRD IV"), European banks are permitted to apply concessional risk weightings to their group's novated exposures to CCPs if they are "Qualifying CCPs". To become a Qualifying CPP, a CCP established outside the European Union must obtain recognition as a 'third country CCP' under EMIR.

ASX Clear obtained recognition as a "third-country CCP" from ESMA with effect from 27 April 2015. Two important steps to obtaining such recognition were:

- (i) the adoption by the European Commission of its equivalence decision for Australia's regulatory regime on 30 October 2014; and
- (ii) the signing of a Memorandum of Understanding relating to cooperation between ASIC, RBA and ESMA on 27 November 2014.

Background

The CPSS-IOSCO *Principles for financial market infrastructures* (PFMI) states that financial market infrastructures (FMIs) should provide relevant information to participants, relevant authorities and the broader public.

Quantitative data is an important components of the set of public disclosures that is expected of FMIs as part of satisfying the PFMI.

Purpose of the disclosures

The disclosures are intended to support the objectives of enabling stakeholders, including authorities, participants (direct, indirect and prospective) and the public, to:

• compare Central Counterparty (CCP) risk controls, including their financial condition and financial resources to withstand potential losses;



- have a clear, accurate and full understanding of the risks associated with a CCP (in accordance with Principle 23, Key Consideration 5);
- understand and assess a CCP's systemic importance and its impact on systemic risk in all jurisdictions and currency areas for which it provides services, from which it has material membership or in which there are linked infrastructures; and
- understand and assess the risks of participating in CCPs (directly, and, to the extent relevant, indirectly).

Principle 23 states that FMIs should, at a minimum, disclose "basic data" on transaction volumes and values. Principle 23 also states that FMIs should disclose data on their financial condition, their financial resources to withstand potential losses, the timeliness of settlements, and other performance statistics. They should disclose sufficient information for participants and prospective participants to understand fully the risks of participating in the system. This disclosure is expected to be to the public rather than restricted to participants or members.

Frequency and type of disclosure

The matrix below details the quantitative disclosures as required in the Public Quantitative disclosure standards for central counterparties.

These standards can be accessed via the following link. http://www.bis.org/cpmi/publ/d125.htm

For each standard that requires a quantitative disclosure the matrix will display the following information:

- The principle number;
- The requirement of that principle (as specified in the standards);
- The quantitative disclosure as it applies to the CCP¹;
- The frequency period of updating this disclosure; and
- The period for which this disclosure relates

The common templates (csv files) and supporting documentation can be accessed via the following link:

https://www2.asx.com.au/about/regulation/quantitative-disclosures-for-asx-clear

¹ All values are provided in Australian dollars unless otherwise indicated



Principle 4 – Credit Risk

	Requirement
4.1	 Total value of default resources (excluding initial and retained variation margin), split by clearing service if default funds are segregated by clearing service, split by: (a) pre-funded i. own capital that forms part of the default waterfall (further split by whether used before, alongside, or after, member contributions) ii. aggregate participant contributions (both amount required and post-haircut amount posted, where different) iii. other (b) committed i. own/parent funds that are committed to address a participant default (or round of participant defaults) ii. aggregate participant commitments to address an initial participant default (or initial round of participant defaults) iii. aggregate participant commitments to replenish the default fund to deal with a subsequent participant default (or round of participant defaults) after the initial participant default (or round of participant defaults) has been addressed iv. other [Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]
	Disclosure
	ASX Clear has total default resources of up to \$550m. This is comprised of a paid in default fund that has \$250m paid in resources from ASX and the ability to call on recovery assessments from its participants of up to \$300m. In the event of a participant default, the Clearing House will use the margins of the defaulting participant together with any
	additional Initial Margins that had been collected from the defaulting participant. ASX Clear Total Default Resources
	Defaulter's Margins and Additional Margins
	\$71.5m Restricted Capital Reserve
	\$178.5m Equity
	Up to \$300m Recovery Assessments
	Paid in resources contributed by ASX Promissory Resources
	*ASX Clear also has a \$230 million committed liquidity facility with a commercial bank.
	Update Frequency: Quarterly Last Updated: 31 December 2021



	Requirement						
4.2	KCCP Kccp need only be reported by those CCPs which are, or seek to be, a "qual	fying CCP" under releva	nt law.				
	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]						
	Disclosure						
	The KccP is a hypothetical capital requirement for a CCP, calculated for the purpose of determining the capital requirement on bank clearing member default fund contributions. A CCP's hypothetical capital requirement is driven by its counterparty credit risk exposures from its clearing members per APRA Prudential Standard APS180.						
	The KCCP does not represent the actual default resources for a CCP (the actual default resources are determined by the C supervisor). As a qualifying CCP, ASX is required to calculate the default resources on bank clearing member default functions on a monthly basis.						
	The KccP (Hypothetical capital) for ASX Clear as at the reporting period was \$0 compared to actual default resources held of \$250m.						
	Update Frequency: Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 202	21			
_	Requirement						
4.3	 Value of pre-funded default resources (excluding initial and retained varial split by: Cash deposited at a central bank of issue of the currency concerned Cash deposited at other central banks Secured cash deposited at commercial banks (consisting of reverse reference) Unsecured cash deposited at commercial banks Non-cash sovereign government bonds domestic other agency bonds state/municipal bonds corporate bonds equities commodities gold other (please describe) mutual funds / UCITs 						
	Amounts should be reported both pre-haircut (i.e. at market value) and at	post-haircut value.					
	Disclosure						
	Pre-funded default resources of \$250m (repayable upon demand) are prov margins from ASX Clear and ASX Clear (Futures), default fund contributions CCPs own funds are combined into one portfolio and invested into various As the default resources cannot be individually assigned to specific asset cl- proportion of the default resources to the total portfolio and this % has been	lodged by participants o assets through a Trust. asses, a general allocatio	of ASX Clear (Futures) an n has been made based	d the			
	Investment Cash	Pre Haircut (m)	Post Haircut (m)				
	Cash deposit at central bank of issue of currency	97.33	97.33				



Secured cash deposit at commercial banks (reverse repos of Government and State bonds only)	45.78	45.78
Unsecured cash deposit at commercial banks	3.83	3.83
Investment	Pre Haircut (m)	Post Haircut (m
Non- Cash		
Domestic Sovereign Government Bonds	-	
Australian State issued securities	-	
Bank issued securities	103.06	103.00
Total	250.00	250.00

Update Frequency: Quarterly Last Updated: 31 December 2021
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		Requirement					
4.4	1) State wh resource	ether the CCP is subject to a minimum "Cover 1" or "Cover 2" requirement in relation to total pre-funded default s.					
		clearing service, state the number of business days within which the CCP assumes it will close out the default when ng credit exposures that would potentially need to be covered by the default fund.					
	the defa	clearing service, what is the estimated largest aggregate stress loss (in excess of initial margin) that would be caused by ult of any single participant and its affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants) in extreme but market conditions?					
		ne number of business days, if any, on which the above amount exceeded actual pre-funded default resources (in excess margin) and by how much.					
		clearing service, what was the <i>actual</i> largest aggregate credit exposure (in excess of initial margin) to any single nt and its affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants)?					
	6) For each clearing service, what is the <i>estimated</i> largest aggregate stress loss (in excess of initial margin) that would be caused by the default of any <i>two</i> participants and their affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants) in extreme but plausible market conditions?						
	7) Report the number of business days, if any, on which the above amount exceeded actual pre-funded default resources (in excess of initial margin) and by how much.						
		clearing service, what was the <i>actual</i> largest aggregate credit exposure (in excess of initial margin) to any <i>two</i> nts and their affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants)?					
	[Refer to th	e explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]					
		Disclosure					
	Ref	Result					
	1)	ASX Clear is subject to a "Cover 2" requirement					
	2)	ASX Clear assumes that it will close out a default within 3 business days					
	3)	Peak day amount in the previous 12 months (Cover 1)\$110.87m*Average over the previous 12 months (Cover 1)\$31.40m*					



4)	The peak amount in the previous 12 months of \$110.9m did not \$250m.	t exceed the pre-funded	default resources of		
5)	Peak day amount in the previous 12 months (Cover 1) Average over the previous 12 months (Cover 1)		\$0.81m \$0.30m		
6)	Peak day amount in the previous 12 months (Cover 2) Average over the previous 12 months (Cover 2)		\$119.29m* \$46.99m*		
7)	The peak amount in the previous 12 months of \$119.3m did not exceed the pre-funded default resources of \$250m.				
8)	Peak day amount in the previous 12 months (Cover 2) Average over the previous 12 months (Cover 2)		\$1.15m \$0.48m		
	Update Frequency: Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021		



Principle 5 – Collateral

		Requirement							
5.1	A	Assets eligib	le as i	nitial margin, a	nd the respective	haircuts app	olied		
	[[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]							
						Dis	sclosure		
	s	Subject to a	oprova	al and on such c	conditions as ASX	Clear may de	termine from tim	ie to time, the follo	owing may be provided in respect
	c	of margin:							
		Instrum	ent	Approv	ed Cover		Valuation Haire	cut	Provided for
		Cash Cov	er	AUD Cash			N/A		Initial Margin Additional Initial Margin
				Specific Cove	r		N/A		
		Cash Equities		S&P / ASX 20	0 Securities	Tiered at 15%, 20% and 30%			Initial Margin
		Equities		SPDR S&P / A	SX 200 ETF	-	Tiered at 15% and	d 20%	
	Please refer to the link below for a list of acceptable Cash Equity securities and their relevant haircuts. https://www2.asx.com.au/about/regulation/quantitative-disclosures-for-asx-clear							cuts.	
		ι	Jpdate	e Frequency:	When chang	ges made		Last Updated:	31 December 2021
						Req	uirement		
5.2		Assets eligit rom 5.1)	le for	pre-funded pa	articipant contrib	utions to the	e default resource	es, and the respec	tive haircuts applied (if differen
						Dis	closure		
	Т	he ASX Clea	ar def	ault resources of	do not contain an	y pre-fundeo	d participant cont	ributions.	
	Update Frequency: When changes made Last Updated:				31 December 2021				
						Requ	uirements		
						Nequ	linements		
5.3	F			of haircuts – pl nce interval tar	ease state the: geted through the	e calculation	of haircuts		
				- · ·	dation period for		cepted,		
					for testing the ha		which the fall in w	alua during the ac	sumed holding/liquidation period
				ed the haircut o		k perioù orri		alue during the as:	sumed nording/inquidation period
	[Refer to the	e expla	anatory note at	the end of this d	ocument for	additional details	s]	
						Dis	sclosure		
	E	Back testing	of Co	llateral haircut	s is performed on	a quarterly	basis covering the	e previous 12 mon	ths.
		Ref	Item	l			Re	esult	
		1	Con	fidence Interva	l Targeted		9	99%	
		2	Assı	umed Holding /	Liquidation Perio	d	3 days bu	usiness days	
		3	Lool	k-back Period			260 days b	ousiness days	
		4	Nun	nber of days ex	ceeded the Hairc	ut		11*	
		*Note – Tl	he 11 b	reaches were ove	er 57,720 observatio	ons giving a co	overage of 99.98%		
		ι	Jpdate	e Frequency:	Quart	erly		Last Updated:	31 December 2021



Principle 6 – Margin

Initial Margin

		R	equirement				
6.1	For each clearing service, total initial margin <i>required</i> , split by house and client (or combined total if not segregated)						
	For each clearing service, state whether initial margin for the positions of indirect participants must be provided for each indirect participant's own position (gross), or for the net position of a group of indirect participants ("net" or "net omnibus")						
	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]						
			Disclosure				
	ASX Clear faces each clearing participant as principal (e.g. House) for all Cash Market transactions. For Exchange Traded each client has their own individual Client Account (ICA).						
	Туре	(m)					
	Cash Market - House (Gross)	\$259.14					
	ETO - House (Gross)	\$96.90					
	ETO – Client (Gross)	\$748.30					
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021			
L							

	Requirement
6.2	For each clearing service, total initial margin <i>held</i> , split by house and client (if segregated).
	For each of the overall house and client totals (or for just the overall total posted, if house and client are not segregated), the amounts of:
	 Cash deposited at a central bank of issue of the currency concerned Cash deposited at other central banks Secured cash deposited at commercial banks (consisting of reverse repos of Australian and State Government bonds only) Unsecured cash deposited at commercial banks Non-cash sovereign government bonds domestic other agency bonds state/municipal bonds corporate bonds gold other mutual funds / UCITs
	other (please provide explanation of type of asset)
	Amounts should be reported both pre-haircut (i.e. at market value) and at post-haircut value.
	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]
	Disclosure
	Cash margins and default fund contributions lodged by participants of ASX Clear and ASX Clear (Futures) and the CCPs own funds are combined into one portfolio and invested into various assets through a Trust.



As the initial margins cannot be individually assigned to specific asset classes, a general allocation has been made based on the proportion of the initial margin lodged to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to each asset class.

This table also includes non-cash collateral (including any excess collateral) that has been lodged by any of the clearing participants.

	Но	use	Cli	Client	
nvestments	Pre Haircut (m)	Post Haircut (m)	Pre Haircut (m)	Post Haircut (n	
Cash					
Cash deposit at central bank of issue of currency	159.43	159.43	96.77	96.7	
Secured cash deposit at commercial banks (reverse repos of Government and State bonds only)	74.98	74.98	45.51	45.5	
Unsecured cash deposit at commercial banks	6.28	6.28	3.81	3.8	
Non-Cash					
Australian State issued securities	168.81	168.81	102.46	102.4	
Equities	0.00	0.00	653.95	515.0	
Total	778.42	778.42	945.30	796.3	

	Requirement						
6.3	Initial margin rates on individual contracts, where the CCP sets such rates						
	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]						
	Disclosure						
	Refer to the link below for the ASX Clear SPAN margin parameters and Cash Market margin parameters						
	https://www2.asx.com.au/about/regulation/quantitative-disclosures-for-asx-clear						
	Update Frequency:	When changes made	Last Updated:	31 December 2021			

		Requirement						
6.4	Type of initial margin model used (e.g. portfolio simulation or risk aggregation) for each clearing service and the key model design parameters for each initial margin model applied to that clearing service – key parameters including, but not limited to:							
	(ii) sau (iii) ad (iv) clo (v) fou sty (vi) the	justments or scalars or we bse-out/holding periods by risk aggregation models, vle models this might inclu e frequency of parameter	od for calibrating the model; eighting, if any, applied to historical data (e.g. to y product (or, if varying, contract type); the margin rate per contract and details of the c ude inter-month spread charges and inter-contra	offsets between different contracts [e.g. for SPAN				
			Disclosure					
	Ref	Item	SPAN (Derivatives)	CMM (Equities)				
	(i)	Single-tailed confidence level targeted	99.7%	HsVaR = 99.7% Flat Rate ASX Top 500 = 99.7% Flat Rate Non-All Ordinaries = 95% Flat Rate Interest Rate Securities = 95% Flat Rate Warrants = 95%				



(ii)	sample/data look- back period for calibrating the model	Worse of 1-year and 5-year lo	ok-backs		rs Top 500 = available price apped to 5 years
(iii)	Adjustments, scalars or weighting	Not strictly formulaic. Multipl periods considered incorpora and long term periods (60 and days).	ting both short	5 years of price	0 and ASX All Ordinaries with e history) contributions for alculated with a portfolio of 1.0.
(iv)	Close-out / holding Periods	holding XJO Index = 2 days Single Stock = 5 days		HsVaR = Top 500 = 2 days Flat Rate ASX Top 500 = 2 days Flat Rate Non-All Ordinaries = 3 days Flat Rate Interest Rate Securities = 3 days Flat Rate Warrants = 3 days	
(v)	Offsets between different contracts	https://www2.asx.com.au/ab quantitative-disclosures-for-a		N/A	
(vi)	Frequency of reviews	Quarterly		Quarterly	
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly		Last Updated:	31 December 2021

		Requirement						
6.5	Results of back-testing of initial margin (where breaches of initial margin occurred). At a minimum, this should include, for each clearing service and each initial margin model applied to that clearing service:							
	 (a) Number of times over the past twelve months that margin coverage held against any account fell below the actual marked-to-market exposure of that member account – based on daily back-testing results* (b) Number of observations (i.e. number of accounts multiplied by number of days covered in the back test) (c) Achieved coverage level, i.e. [(b) – (a)]/(b) * Specify if measured intraday/continuously or only once a day. If once a day, specify at what time of day. 							
	specify if measured i		fined in 6.5(a)) have occurr		,			
	[Refer to the explanator	y note at the end of this	document for additional de	etails]				
			Disclosure					
	Ref	ETO's	Cash Market					
	(a)	475	0					
	(b)	1,255,644	8,012					
	(c)	99.96%	100.00%					
	Peak \$0.96m \$0.00m							
	Average \$0.01m \$0.00m							
	Update Frequ	uency: Quar	terly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021			

Margin Calls

	Requirement
6.6	Average total variation margin paid to the CCP by participants each business day.



[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]					
Disclosure					
Average total variation margin p	aid to the CCP by participants eac	ch business day over the quarter.	\$21.06m		
Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021		

	Requirement						
6.7	Maximum total variation margin paid to the CCP on any given business day over the period.						
	Disclosure						
	Maximum total variation margin	Maximum total variation margin paid to the CCP on any given business day over the quarter. \$146.72m					
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021			

	Requirement					
6.8	Maximum initial margin call per clearing participant on any given business day over the period.					
	Disclosure					
	Maximum initial margin call per	Maximum initial margin call per clearing participant on any given business day over the quarter. \$145.28m				
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021		



Principle 7 – Liquidity Risk

	Requireme	nt						
State w	hether the clearing service maintains sufficient liquid resources	to 'Cover 1' or 'Cove	r 2'.					
service (a) Ca (b) Ca (c) Se (d) U (e) se cc (f) u (g) hi	d composition of qualifying liquid resources for each clearing se level) – for each relevant currency – split by: ash deposited at a central bank of issue of the currency concerns ash deposited at other central banks ecured cash deposited at commercial banks (consisting of revers neecured cash deposited at commercial banks cured committed lines of credit (i.e. those for which collatera mmitted foreign exchange swaps and committed repos; neecured committed lines of credit (i.e. which the CCP may draw ghly marketable collateral held in custody and investments earranged and highly reliable funding arrangements even in ext her (please specify).	ed se repos of Australiar al/security will be pr v without providing c that are readily ava	n and State rovided by collateral/se	Government bonds only) the CCP if drawn) includ ecurity); convertible into cash w				
State w	hether the CCP has routine access to central bank liquidity or fa	cilities.						
provide • the	ng qualifying liquid resources the CCP is required or allowed to or reference: schedule of payments or priority for allocating payments, if suc applicable rule, policy, procedure, and governance arrangement	ch exists;	-					
	Disclosure	e						
into var	ish received from both clearing houses together with the CCPs c ious assets through a Trust, a general allocation has been made house to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to the	own funds are combi based on the propo						
into var clearing ASX Cle	ish received from both clearing houses together with the CCPs of ious assets through a Trust, a general allocation has been made house to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to the ar maintains sufficient liquid resources for Cover 2.	own funds are combi based on the propo		portfolio lodged by each				
into var clearing ASX Cle	ish received from both clearing houses together with the CCPs of ious assets through a Trust, a general allocation has been made house to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to the ar maintains sufficient liquid resources for Cover 2.	own funds are combi based on the propo		portfolio lodged by each Value (m)				
into var clearing ASX Cle Inve Cash Secu	ish received from both clearing houses together with the CCPs of ious assets through a Trust, a general allocation has been made house to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to the ar maintains sufficient liquid resources for Cover 2.	own funds are combi e based on the propo relevant asset class.		portfolio lodged by each				
into var clearing ASX Cle Inve Cash Secu State	ish received from both clearing houses together with the CCPs of ious assets through a Trust, a general allocation has been made house to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to the ar maintains sufficient liquid resources for Cover 2. stments deposited at central bank of issue of the currency red cash deposited at commercial banks (reverse repos of Gove	own funds are combi e based on the propo relevant asset class.		value (m)				
into var clearing ASX Cle Inve Cash Secu State Unse High	ish received from both clearing houses together with the CCPs of ious assets through a Trust, a general allocation has been made house to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to the ar maintains sufficient liquid resources for Cover 2. stments deposited at central bank of issue of the currency red cash deposited at commercial banks (reverse repos of Gove bonds only)	own funds are combi based on the propo relevant asset class. ernment and		value (m) 353.53 166.27				
into var clearing ASX Cle Inve Cash Secu State Unse High	ish received from both clearing houses together with the CCPs of ious assets through a Trust, a general allocation has been made house to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to the ar maintains sufficient liquid resources for Cover 2. stments deposited at central bank of issue of the currency red cash deposited at commercial banks (reverse repos of Gove e bonds only) ecured cash deposited at commercial banks ly marketable collateral held in custody & investments that are	own funds are combi based on the propo relevant asset class. ernment and		value (m) 353.53 166.27 13.92				
into var clearing ASX Cle Inve Cash Secu State Unse High avail Any cas obligati ASX Cle comme For Cash	Ish received from both clearing houses together with the CCPs of ious assets through a Trust, a general allocation has been made house to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to the ar maintains sufficient liquid resources for Cover 2. Stments deposited at central bank of issue of the currency red cash deposited at commercial banks (reverse repos of Gove e bonds only) ecured cash deposited at commercial banks ly marketable collateral held in custody & investments that are able and convertible into cash h reinvestments are only in RBA eligible securities and ASX Clear ons. ar has a committed standby (undrawn) liquidity facility of \$230r recial bank line. h Market, in the event of a Clearing Participant default ASX also	own funds are combi e based on the propor relevant asset class. ernment and readily Total m. This direct liquidit	rtion of the ive priority y facility wi ter into an (value (m) 353.53 166.27 13.92 374.33 908.04 in meeting payment ith ASX Clear is backed by Offsetting Transaction				
into var clearing ASX Cle Inve Cash Secu State Unse High avail Any cas obligati ASX Cle comme For Cash	Ish received from both clearing houses together with the CCPs of ious assets through a Trust, a general allocation has been made house to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to the ar maintains sufficient liquid resources for Cover 2. Stments deposited at central bank of issue of the currency red cash deposited at commercial banks (reverse repos of Gove e bonds only) ecured cash deposited at commercial banks ly marketable collateral held in custody & investments that are able and convertible into cash h reinvestments are only in RBA eligible securities and ASX Clear ons. ar has a committed standby (undrawn) liquidity facility of \$230r recial bank line.	ernment and readily Total m. This direct liquidit has the ability to ent	rtion of the ive priority y facility wi ter into an (Participant.	value (m) 353.53 166.27 13.92 374.33 908.04 in meeting payment ith ASX Clear is backed by Offsetting Transaction . It is expected that availa				



	Requirement					
7.2	Size and composition of any supplementary liquidity risk resources for each clearing service above those qualifying liquid resources above.					
	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]					
	Disclosure					
	There are no supplementary liquidity risk resources beyond what has been detailed in principle 7.1 for ASX Clear.					
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021		

	Requirement						
5 F	For each clearing service (or at the aggregate CCP level if not managed at clearing service level):						
 What is the <i>estimated</i> largest same-day and, where relevant, intraday and multiday payment obligation in total that would be caused by the default of any single participant and its affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants) in extreme but plausible market conditions? Report the number of business days, if any, on which the above amount exceeded its qualifying liquid resources (identified as in 7.1, and available at the point the breach occurred), and by how much. What is the <i>actual</i> largest intraday and multiday payment obligation of a single participant and its affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants) over the past twelve months? What is the <i>estimated</i> largest same-day and, where relevant, intraday and multiday payment obligation <i>in each relevant currency</i> that would be caused by the default of any single participant and its affiliates (including transactions cleared for indirect participants) in extreme but plausible market conditions? Report the number of business days, if any, on which the above amounts exceeded its qualifying liquid resources in each relevant currency (as identified in 7.1 and available at the point the breach occurred), and by how much. 							
l	Refer to the expla	inatory note at the end of this doo	Disclosure				
			Disclosure				
Ref Result							
	Ref	Result					
	Ref 1)	Result \$1,366.50m*					
	1)	\$1,366.50m* 0 days*					
	1) 2)	\$1,366.50m* 0 days* \$0.0m*					
	1) 2) 3)	\$1,366.50m* 0 days* \$0.0m* Peak: \$41.47m Cover 1: \$1,366.50m*					
	1) 2) 3) 4) 5) * Would be covered	\$1,366.50m* 0 days* \$0.0m* Peak: \$41.47m Cover 1: \$1,366.50m* Cover 2: \$2,334.96m* Cover 1: 0 days* Cover 1: \$0.0m* Cover 2: 0 days* Cover 2: \$0.0m*	the use of the Offsetting Transaction Arrangements (refer 7.1)				



Principle 12 – Exchange of Value Settlement System

		Requirement						
12.1	Percentage of settlements by value effected using a DvP, DvD or PvP settlement mechanism							
[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]								
			Discl	osure				
	-	rket transactions are settled via the marginir		Payment (DvP) settlement mechar	nism as Exchange Traded			
	trades) transa netted ³ per se	action is recorded by t ecurity for settlement	he market operator ² . Then on on T+2.	fter bid/offer matched on the trac the evening of Trade Date +1 (T+1 een clearing participants and their) the novated transactions are			
	settlement of	the DvP transactions.						
	Туре	Percentage						
	DvP	100%						
	DvD	N/A	1					
	ΡνΡ	N/A						
	Ur	odate Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021			

		Requirement						
12.2	Percentage of settlements by volume effected using a DvP, DvD or PvP settlement mechanism							
	[Refer to the e	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]						
			Discl	osure				
	Options are se Cash Market t trades) transa	ettled via the margin ransactions are nova	ing process. ated to ASX Clear immediately a the market operator. Then on	Payment (DvP) settlement mechar after bid/offer matched on the tra- the evening of Trade Date +1 (T+1)	ding platform, or (for reported			
	Туре	Percentage						
	DvP	100%						
	DvD	N/A						
	PvP N/A							
	Up	odate Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021			

² In either case the transaction must subsequently be submitted to ASX Clear and validated for eligibility, if the transaction is eligible for clearing, the transaction is novated with effect from this point, if it is not, the transaction is rejected.

³ Excluding Broker / Broker transactions that have been novated but isolated from netting due to a corporate action etc.



Principle 13 – Default Rules and Procedures

		Requir	ement	
13.1	CCPs are encouraged, subject to related to defaults, such as:	legal constraints on timing and c	ontent, to disclose as soon as prac	ticable quantitative information
	Proportion of client position	resources used to cover losses	e defaults may also be helpful.	
		Discl	osure	
	There were no ASX Clear Clearin	g Participant defaults in the repo	rting period.	
	Ŭ	overview on default managemen	nt: nt-services/asx-clear/risk-mana	agement
		arkets/crearing-and-settleme		igement
	Update Frequency:	Ad Hoc	Last Updated:	31 December 2021

Principle 14 – Segregation and Portability

			Requir	ement	
14.1	Split, by clearing	g service, of tota	I client positions held in:		
	(b) omnibus ((c) legally seg	•	ints, other than LSOC accounts (se erationally comingled (LSOC) accounts		
	as a share of no	tional values cle	ared or of the settlement value of	securities transactions.	
	[Refer to the ex	planatory note a	at the end of this document for ad	ditional details]	
			Discl	osure	
	ASX Clear opera	ites a principal t	o principal model for Cash Market	and Exchange Traded Options.	
	-	sh Market all po		that provides each client with an i le of the Clearing Participant e.g. t	
	Ref	Result			
	(a)	100% (1)			
	(b)	0			
	(c)	0			
	(d)	N/A (2)			
	(1) Relates to E> (2) Refer to the	-	Options only e regarding Cash Market		
	Upd	ate Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021





Principle 15 – General Business Risk

		Requir	ement	
15.1	(a) Value of liquid net assets f(b) Six months of current oper			
	[Refer to the explanatory note a	t the end of this document for ad	ditional details]	
		Disclo	osure	
	assigned for ASX Clear busi (b) \$126.13m*	ness risk.	company level and not the indivic	-
	*Disclosures are based on amou (Futures), for the financial year e		iaries (the group), which includes	ASX Clear and ASX Clear
	Update Frequency:	Annual	Last Updated:	30 June 2021
		Requir	ement	
15.2	 Financial disclosures: including, l total revenue, total expenditure, profits, total assets, total liabilities. 	earing participants is held on or of	if the CCD's balance sheet	
		Disclo		
	for the assignment of clearing fe itself.	rangement with a related entity f ees. Accordingly ASX Clear does no l on amounts for ASX Limited and	for the provision of operational ser ot have any meaningful revenues o its subsidiaries (the group), which	or expenses within the entity
	Total Revenue Total Expenditure Net Profits before Tax Net Profits after Tax Total Assets	\$1,017.08m \$329.15m \$687.92m \$480.90m \$16,548.81m		
	Total Liabilities Collateral posted by participants	\$12,812.47m s to cover ASX Clear margin obliga	tions are held off the balance shee	
	Update Frequency:	Annual	Last Updated:	30 June 2021

	Requirement
15.3	 Income breakdowns: (a) percentage of total income that comes from fees related to provision of clearing services; (b) percentage of total income that comes from the reinvestment (or rehypothecation) of assets provided by clearing participants.
	Disclosure
	(a) % of total income from fees related to provision of clearing services: 16% (1)



(b) % of total income from the reinvestment of cash margins: 3% (2)
 (1) Clearing fees for derivatives are bundled with trading and settlement fees. A portion of the total fees charged for trading, clearing and settlement has been allocated to clearing activities based on estimates by management.
 (2) The % of total income from reinvestment of cash margins disclosures are based on amounts for ASX Limited and its subsidiaries (the group), which includes ASX Clear and ASX Clear (Futures), for the financial year ended 30 June 2021. Re-hypothecation of collateral is not permitted.
 Update Frequency: Annual Last Updated: 30 June 2021

Principle 16 – Custody and Investment Risk

		Requir	ement	
16.1		eceived from participants, regard I margin or default fund contribu	ess of the form in which it is held tion	, deposited or invested, split by
		Discl	osure	
	\$658.04m received from ASX Cle	ear Clearing Participants as Initial	Margin.	
	Note – There are no Clearing Pa	rticipant contributions in the ASX	Clear default fund.	
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021

	Requirement
16.2	How the total cash received from participants (i.e. the combined total of initial margin and default fund contributions in 16.1) is held/deposited/invested, including:
	 percentage of this total participant cash held as cash deposits (consisting of reverse repos of Australian and State Government bonds only); further split into: percentage held:
	Also: • weighted average maturity of these securities
	• weighted average maturity of these securities



VaR, or equivalent) State if the CCP investment policy sets a limit on the proportion of the investment portfolio that may be allocated to a single counterparty, and the size of that limit. State the number of times over the previous quarter in which this limit has been exceeded. Disclosure Margins and default funding lodged by participants of ASX Clear and ASX Clear (Futures) and the CCPs own funds are combined into one portfolio and invested into various assets. As the total cash received from Participants cannot be individually assigned to specific asset classes, a general allocation has been made based on the proportion of the cash received from Participants to the total portfolio and this % has been applied to each asset class. The below disclosures include excess cash received from participants over and above their initial margin requirement. Percentage Investment 38.93% Central bank of issue of the currency deposited Secured cash deposits at commercial banks (reverse repos of Government and State bonds only) 18.31% 1.53% Unsecured cash deposits at commercial banks % of total participant cash held as cash deposits (incl. reverse repo): 58.78% Domestic Sovereign Government Bonds 0.00% Australian State issued securities 41.22% % of total participant cash invested in securities: 41.22% Weighted average maturity of these securities (WAM) 32.00 days Estimated risk on the Investment portfolio (VaR = 2 day holding period calculated at 99% confidence) \$519.64K Counterparty Limit (\$) per Counterparty Unlimited Australian Government State Government - New South Wales Treasury Corporation \$1,600m State Government - Treasury Corporation of Victoria \$1,600m State Government - Queensland Treasury Corporation \$1,200m \$1,200m State Government - Western Australia Treasury Corporation \$800m State Government - South Australian Government Financing Authority State Government - Tasmanian Public Finance Corporation \$400m New Zealand Government NZD\$250m New Zealand Deposit-taking Institution NZD\$75m Major Australian Deposit-taking Institution \$75m \$75m Other Australian Deposit-taking Institution (A1+) Other Australian Deposit-taking Institution (A1) \$75m © 2022 ASX Limited ABN 98 008 624 691 Page 21 of 38

Provide an estimate of the risk on the investment portfolio (excluding central bank and commercial bank deposits) (99% one-day



		Requir	ement	
16.3	Rehypothecation of participant a	assets (i.e. non-cash) by the CCP v	vhere allowed, split by initial marg	in and default fund:
		,, ,	reek; over one week and up to one years);	e month; over one month and
		Discl	osure	
	The value of participants' non-ca permitted.	ish collateral re-hypothecated as	at quarter end was nil as re-hypotl	hecation of collateral is not
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021



Principle 17 – Operational Risk

				Requir	ement		
17.1	Operational availa system (e.g. 99.99			nvolved in c	learing (whet	her or not outsource	d) over specified period for the
	[Refer to the expla	anatory note a	t the end of this docu	ment for ad	ditional detai	ls]	
				Disclo	osure		
	ASX Clear has four	r core systems	for the settlement an	nd margining	g of products.		
	The Der RAZOR 1	ivatives Clearin	ctronic Sub-Register : ng System (DCS) for th ng of Cash Market pr g of ETOs ASX Clear – Core S	ne clearing o oducts; and		0	,
		System			lity Target		
		CHESS (Clear	ing)	99.	.80%		
		DCS (Clearing	g)	99.	.80%		
		RAZOR (Mar	gining)	99.	.80%		
		SPAN (Margi	ning)	99.	.80%		
	Update	e Frequency:	Quarterly	,		Last Updated:	31 December 2021

				Requirer	nent		
17.2	Actual availability o	of the core syst	em(s) over the previ	ous twelve mo	onth period.		
				Disclos	ure		
	There was one ASX	Clear core sys	tem failure over the	last 12 month	s.		
			ASX Clear – Core S	Systems			
		System		Availat	bility		
		CHESS (Cleari	ng)	100.0	0%		
		DCS (Clearing)	100.0	0%		
		RAZOR (Marg	ining)	100.0	0%		
		SPAN (Margin	ing)	100.0	0%		
	Update	Frequency:	Quarterly			Last Updated:	31 December 2021

	Requirement
17.3	Total number and duration of failures affecting the core system(s) involved in clearing over the previous twelve month period
	Disclosure
	There was one failure with the ASX Clear core systems for the last 12 months for 180 minutes.



	ear – Core Systems	
System	Number of Failures	Duration (Mins)
CHESS (Clearing)	0	0
DCS (Clearing)	0	0
RAZOR (Margining)	0	0
SPAN (Margining)	0	0
		1

7.4 F		Requirement	
L	Recovery time objective(s) (e.g. within two hours)		
		Disclosure	
A	All ASX Clear core systems are subject to a 2 hour	recovery time objective.	
	ASX Clear – Co	ore Systems	
	System	Recovery Time Objective	
	CHESS (Clearing)	2 Hours	
	DCS (Clearing)	2 Hours	
	RAZOR (Margining)	2 Hours	
	SPAN (Margining)	2 Hours	



Principle 18 – Access and Participation requirements

		Requirem	ients		
Number o	f clearing members, by clearing	ng service, split by:			
 category of membership (e.g. direct clearing member, general clearing member); type of participant (central bank, CCP, bank, other); and domestic or foreign participants. 					
[Refer to t	he explanatory note at the er	nd of this document for additi	onal details]		
		Disclosu	ıre		
On ASX Cl	ear there are two categories o	of Clearing Participants, "Dire	ct: and "General":		
own Clien "General	articipant" means a Participan ts and Market Participants the Participant" means a Particip ts, other Participants and the	at are Wholly-Owned Group I ant which is admitted by ASX	Entities and their clients. Clear to clear a category		
	Category of Membership	Type of Participant	Domestic	Foreign	
	Direct	Bank	0	0	
	Direct	Bank Subsidiary	3	0	
	Direct	Investment Bank	6	0	
	Direct	Domestic	8	0	
	Direct	International	4	0	
	Direct	Suspended	0	0	
		Total Direct Participants	21	0	
	General	Bank	1	1	
	General	Bank Subsidiary	3	0	
	General	Investment Bank	2	0	
	General	Domestic	4	0	
	General	International	1	0	
	General	Suspended	0	0	
		Total General Participants	11	1	
		L			
		Г	32	1	
		Grand Total	52	-	
		Grand Total	32	-	



		Requirement			
18.2	For each clearing service with ten or more members, but fewer than 25 members:				
	- Percentage of the top five clearing members by the largest open positions, including both house and client, in aggregate				
	For each clearing service with 25 or more members:				
	- Percentage of the top five and ten clearing members by the largest open positions, including both house and client, in aggregate			ding both house and client, in	
	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]				
		Disclosure			
	As detailed in 18.1 at the time of the updat largest five and ten clearing participants we	_	cipants. Percentage of c	pen positions held by the	
		Largest 5 Clearing Partic	ipants Larges	t 10 Clearing Participants	
	Cash Market - Average	41.79%		70.84%	
	Cash Market - Peak end of day	52.57%		79.64%	
	ETO – Average	67.00%		85.85%	
	ETO – Peak end of day	68.73%		86.43%	
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021	

		Requirement				
18.3	For each clearing service with ten or more members, but fewer than 25 members:					
	- Percentage of the largest five clearing members by initial margin, including both house and client, in aggregate					
	For each clearing service with 25 or more members:					
	- Percentage of the largest five and ten clearing members by initial margin, including both house and client, in aggregate					
	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]					
		Disclosure				
		Disclosure				
	As detailed in 18.1 at the time of the upd largest five and ten clearing participants	ate ASX Clear had 33 Clearing Participants. Per	centage of in	itial margin held by the		
		ate ASX Clear had 33 Clearing Participants. Per		itial margin held by the 10 Clearing Participants		
		ate ASX Clear had 33 Clearing Participants. Per were:				
	largest five and ten clearing participants	ate ASX Clear had 33 Clearing Participants. Per were: Largest 5 Clearing Participants		10 Clearing Participants		
	largest five and ten clearing participants Cash Market – Average	ate ASX Clear had 33 Clearing Participants. Per were: Largest 5 Clearing Participants 40.38%		10 Clearing Participants 65.16%		
	largest five and ten clearing participants Cash Market – Average Cash Market - Peak end of day	ate ASX Clear had 33 Clearing Participants. Per were: Largest 5 Clearing Participants 40.38% 51.15%		10 Clearing Participants 65.16% 76.53%		
	largest five and ten clearing participants Cash Market – Average Cash Market - Peak end of day ETO – Average	ate ASX Clear had 33 Clearing Participants. Per were: Largest 5 Clearing Participants 40.38% 51.15% 53.53%		10 Clearing Participants 65.16% 76.53% 79.69%		

	Requirement
18.4	For each segregated default fund with ten or more members, but fewer than 25 members:
	- Percentage of participant contributions to the default fund contributed by largest five clearing members in aggregate
	For each segregated default fund with 25 or more members: - Percentage of participant contributions to the default fund contributed by largest five and ten clearing members in aggregate



[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]					
	Disclosure				
At the time of the update the AS	At the time of the update the ASX Clear default fund of \$250m contained no ASX Clear Clearing Participant contributions.				
Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021		



Principle 19 – Tiered Participation arrangements

			Requir	rement			
19.1	Measures o	Measures of concentration of client clearing:					
	1. Numbe	er of clients (if known)					
	2. Numbe	2. Number of direct members that clear for clients					
	transac ten clea	tions or similar) attrib aring members (if the s	, , ,	members (if the Co embers)		total cleared value of securities nore clearing members) and top	
			Discl	osure			
	Ref	Result					
	1.	37 ASX Market Parti	cipants, and				
	1.	0 CHI-X Trading Part	icipants that clear through a di	rect member			
	2.	11 Direct members	clear for the above				
		Top 5 = 31.38%					
	3.	Top 10 = 35.85%					
	l	Jpdate Frequency:	Quarterly		Last Updated:	31 December 2021	



Principle 20 – FMI Links

Interoperability

		Requir	rement		
20.1	Value of trades cleared through each link, by clearing service – as a share of total trade values/total notional values cleared in that service				
	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]				
	Disclosure				
	ASX Clear has the following FMI Links:				
	 ASX Settlement Pty Lin Austraclear Limited 	nited; and			
	ASX Clear does not transact through either of these FMI Links.				
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021	

		Requi	rement			
20.2	Initial margin or equivalent financial resources <i>provided to</i> each linked CCP by the CCP to cover the potential future exposure of the linked CCP on contracts cleared across link					
		Disclosure				
	Not Applicable					
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021		

_	Requirement				
20.3	Initial margin or equivalent financial resources <i>collected from</i> each linked CCP to cover potential future exposure to the linked CCP on contracts cleared across link (at market value and post-haircut)				
		Discl	osure		
	Not Applicable				
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021	

			Requir	ement	
20.4		Its of back-testing of cover mum this should include:	age of initial margin or equivale	nt financial resources on trades	cleared through each link. At a
	 (a) Number of times over the past twelve months that coverage provided by margin and equivalent financial resources against each linked CCP fell below the actual marked-to-market exposure to that linked CCP – based on daily back to results* (b) Number of observations (i.e. number of accounts multiplied by number of days covered in the back test) (c) Achieved coverage level i.e. [(b) – (a)]/(b) *specify if measured intraday/continuously or only once a day. If once a day, sp at what time of day. 				P – based on daily back testing
					once a day. If once a day, specify
			Discl	osure	
	Not /	Applicable			
		Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021



		Rec	uirement			
20.5	Additional pre-funded financial resources (if any) beyond initial margin and equivalent financial resources provided to each linked CCP, that are available to the linked CCP to cover exposures to the CCP and whether part of, additional to, or separate from the standard default fund (please specify)					
	Disclosure					
	Not Applicable					
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021		

	Requirement					
20.6	Additional pre-funded financial resources (if any) beyond initial margin and equivalent financial resources collected from each linked CCP, that are available to the CCP to cover exposures to the linked CCP and whether part of, additional to, or separate from the standard default fund (please specify)					
	Disclosure					
	Not Applicable					
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021		

Cross Margining

	Requirement					
20.7	 (a) Value of trades subject to cross margining, by clearing service, as a percentage of total trade values/total notional values cleared (b) Reduction in total initial margin held by the CCP as a result of cross margining, as a percentage of total initial margin that would otherwise have been held. 					
	Disclosure					
	Not Applicable					
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021		



Principle 23 – Disclosure of Rules, Key Procedures and Market Data

	Requirement						
23.1	Average daily volumes and notional values of new trades cleared, by instrument/asset class, by currency, and split by OTC or exchange-traded						
	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]						
	Disclosure						
	The metrics below for Exchange Traded Options are based on trades, however for all other instruments the metrics below are based on the novated settlement instructions with a settlement date due in the reporting quarter.						
	Exchange Traded Instrument	Volume (k)	Value (m)				
	Equities	1,468.40	5,705.35				
	Structured Products	0.88	9.37				
	Interest Rate Hybrid	0.06	1.13				
	Exchange Traded Funds	13.66	200.69				
	Australian Government Bonds	0.03	1.10				
	Company Options	0.73	2.29				
	Exchange Traded Options	237.46	44.13				
	Non - Exchange Traded Instrument	Volume	Value (m)				
	Equity OTC	0.0	0.0				
	Update Frequency:	Quarterly	Last Updated:	31 December 2021			

Requirement

23.2 Gross notional outstanding/total settlement value of novated but not-yet settled securities transactions per instrument/asset class and currency and split by OTC or exchange-traded

[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]

Disclosure

The metrics below are the novated transactions with a settlement date after quarter-end (in line with normal settlement timings).

Equities	5,427.62			
Structured Products	8.39			
Interest Rate Hybrid	1.04			
Exchange Traded Funds	219.19			
Australian Government Bonds	0.53	3		
Company Options	1.42			



	Requirement						
23.3	Average daily volumes and notional contract values submitted by each execution facility or matching/confirmation venue						
	[Refer to the explanatory note at the end of this document for additional details]						
	Disclosure						
	For Cash Market the metrics below are based on the novated settlement instructions with a settlement date between 01-Apr-21 and 30-Jun-21. For Exchange Traded Options the metrics are based on number of trades. Execution Facility Cash Market Exchange Traded Options Execution Facility Cash Market Exchange Traded Options						
	ASX Trade	Average Daily Volume (k) 1,468.40		Average Daily Va 5,705.35		Average Daily Volume (k) 237.46	Average Daily Value (m) 44.13
	CHI-X Australia 441.25		754.94	Not Applicable		Not Applicable	
	Update Frequency: Qua		rterly Last		Last Updated:	31 December 2021	



Principle by Principle Notes

Below are the principle by principle notes provided as part of the Public Quantitative Disclosure Standards for Central Counterparties

Principle 4: Credit risk

Item 4.1: This item seeks disclosure of default resources that are available to cover a member default should the margin or equivalent (for example sums paid in by participants to cover their options liabilities) paid by participants to cover their own liabilities to the CCP prove insufficient.

4.1(a)(i) should be identical to DFCCP as defined in BCBS 282.4 Where the CCP's own capital forms part of the default waterfall and potentially covers multiple clearing services with separate segregated default funds, the CCP will have to allocate its capital contribution to each of the segregated funds in proportion to the respective product-specific exposure at default in line with BCBS 282.

4.1(a)(ii) should be identical to DFCM as defined in BCBS 282.

Where commitments in section 4.1(b) are unlimited, state that these are unlimited. Commitments that are reserved to replenish the CCP's own capital or equity should not be included here, i.e. 4.1(b)(ii) and 4.1(b)(iii) seek disclosure of commitments to replenish the CCP's default fund, not the CCP's own capital or equity. Rules-based agreements to accept variation margin or other gains-based haircuts should not be disclosed as commitments, but CCPs should disclose details of such arrangements in line with the guidance on recovery planning (see CPMI-IOSCO *Recovery of financial market infrastructures*, October 2014).

Item 4.2: For a definition of KCCP, see BCBS 282. KCCP may be reported more frequently than quarterly if a CCP is required, under relevant law, to report it to supervisors of clearing members more frequently than quarterly.

Item 4.3: Disclosures should be based on the form in which default resources are held, not the form in which they were paid to the CCP. This item requests disclosures 'as at quarter end'. If a CCP does not consider the composition of collateral at quarter end to be representative, it is encouraged to provide explanatory notes outlining why this is the case, and to provide additional metrics such as quarterly averages, or maximums, minimums, and interquartile ranges. CCPs are also encouraged to disclose any limits on the amount of collateral of a particular type that the CCP will accept if this will assist in enabling a clear understanding of risks. For CCPs which do not specifically record whether asset holdings correspond to default fund contributions (whether provide d by CCP participants or from the CCP's own funds) or to margin provided by participants, the CCP should provide an explanatory note to this effect, and explain its methodology for describing the form in which default fund contributions are held (for example by assuming the proportion of each asset accounted for by default fund is pro-rata to the proportion of total funding that comes from default fund contributions.

Item 4.4: This item is where the results of a CCP's stress-testing of its financial resources are expected to be disclosed. CCPs should specify in their supporting comments to the matrix whether they are subject to a "Cover 1" or "Cover 2" requirement in relation to their total pre-funded default resources, but should report both results so that both Cover 1 and Cover 2 metrics can be compared with actual default resources. These disclosures create no new regulatory obligation for CCPs subject to a Cover 1 requirement to also satisfy a Cover 2 requirement. The disclosures instead aim to support transparency between the CCP and its participants on how safety and efficiency considerations have been balanced in response to different stress scenarios and the decisions that have been made with regard to default fund coverage. Where a CCP is only required to meet a Cover 1 standard, providing disclosure also on its estimated cover 2 requirement may facilitate additional comparisons across CCPs. Nevertheless, because of certain factors, including the size of the market the CCP serves, the CCP's share of that market, and whether a small number of participants account for a disproportionate amount of the CCP's clearing activity, comparison between cover 1 and cover 2 metrics alone



will still give an incomplete comparison of relative default fund coverage. Accordingly, CCPs should provide a comparison with default resources – as in item 4.3, market share data – in accordance with part 23 of the matrix, and other clarifying remarks, as appropriate, alongside their disclosure related to Cover 1 and Cover 2 metrics to further help the reader understand the default fund coverage.

In order to aid clearing members' modelling of their exposures to the CCP, the CCP should consider disclosing further information on its default fund stress-testing methodology (e.g. underlying model parameters and assumptions) insofar as the CCP, in discussion with its participants and regulators, agrees is appropriate without providing confidential information about individual participant positions.

Principle 5: Collateral

Item 5.1: CCPs are encouraged to explain where concentration limits or charges are also applied in addition to normal haircuts. Recognising that the CCP is requested to disclose changes to haircut values as they are applied, where CCPs already publish information on haircuts elsewhere on their public website, a link to the relevant pages will satisfy the disclosure expectation.

Item 5.3: CCPs should consider adding explanatory notes if this would help to understand reasons why the fall in value of assets exceeded haircuts.

Principle 6: Margin

Separate disclosures should be made for each clearing service in respect of items 6.1, 6.2, and 6.5, and each margin model used in that clearing service in respect of 6.3 and 6.4. Disclosures should be on the basis of the form in which the margin is held by the CCP rather than the form in which it was provided by the participants (if different).

Item 6.1: In this item, CCPs should report initial margin *required* – at least at the level of each clearing service. CPMI and IOSCO acknowledge that practices for calculating initial margin requirements vary across CCPs, and propose that CCPs include all types of margin including 'base-line' initial margin; 'add-ons'; and 'retained MTM/VM' (where relevant). Items included under 'add-ons' should reflect any additions to margin required from base-line initial margin and routine scheduled collections – e.g. margin requested to cover specific risks (including, but not limited to liquidity risk, concentration risk, correlation risk, wrong-way risk) where these risks are not covered in the base-line calculation or margin requested on a 'non-routine' basis (e.g. ad-hoc intraday calls). Where add-ons to baseline initial margin are significant and variable, CCPs are encouraged to provide an explanatory note to this effect. CCPs are also encouraged to provide an explanatory note on the expiration period of products they clear where this would help to facilitate interpretation of the margin data, e.g. because margin is returned on or following particular contract expiration dates.

Item 6.2: Disclosures under this item should reflect the total value of initial margin actually **posted** by direct and indirect members and held by the CCP (as opposed to item 6.1, which asks for the total value of initial margin **required**). This should include initial margin provided through a security interest as well as through title transfer. For CCPs which do not specifically record whether asset holdings correspond to margin or default fund contributions fund (whether provided by CCP participants or from the CCP's own funds), the CCP should provide an explanatory note to this effect, and explain its methodology for describing the form in which margin is held (for example by assuming the proportion of each asset accounted for by margin is pro-rata to the proportion of total funding from margin contributions).

Items 6.1 and 6.2: If a CCP does not consider disclosures at quarter end to be representative, it is encouraged to provide explanatory notes outlining why this is the case, and to provide additional metrics such as quarterly averages, or maximums, minimums, and interquartile ranges.



Items 6.3 and 6.4: CPMI and IOSCO recognise that models and approaches to margining may vary across CCPs. In order to help participants understand how they might be affected by margin calls, and/or where the items listed are not specifically relevant for a CCP, other key assumptions and parameters should be disclosed and the items listed should be used as a guide to the types of disclosures and level of details that is expected regarding initial margin assumptions and parameters.

Item 6.5: At a minimum, CCPs are expected to disclose the achieved margin coverage ratio for each clearing service and margin model and the value of any uncovered exposures.

Item 6.6: This disclosure is seeking information on the potential liquidity impact of changes in marked to- market values. It is not seeking to provide information on changes in the level of initial margin that may be related to changes in the volatility of prices. CCPs are expected to disclose the total of variation margin called from participants each day (including for options CCPs, where variation margin is called but not paid out).

Principle 7: Liquidity Risk

'Relevant currencies' refers to currencies in which the CCP is obliged to make pay-outs. If the CCP considers disclosures for 7.1 and 7.2 "as at quarter end" to be unrepresentative, it is encouraged to provide explanatory notes outlining why this is the case, and to provide additional metrics such as quarterly averages, or maximums, minimums, and interquartile ranges.

Items 7.1 and 7.2: CCPs should refer to paragraphs 3.7.10 and 3.7.11 of the PFMI for a definition of 'qualifying liquid resources' and 'supplementary liquidity risk resources'. CCPs are not asked to disclose the names of providers of liquidity resources or investment counterparties. CCPs should not double count assets: for example, assets should not be listed as qualifying under 7.1(e) to the extent that they are required to offer to liquidity providers under 7.1(c). CCPs should add explanatory notes to describe how the CCP decides which payment obligations to prioritize if a schedule does not exist or if otherwise this would help to understand the CCP's procedures.

Item 7.3: This item requests high-level disclosure of the results of a CCP's stress-testing of its liquid resources, both in aggregate and by currency.

Principle 12: Exchange-of-value settlement systems

Items 12.1 and 12.2: The requested percentages refer only to exchange-of-value settlements to which the CCP is a counterparty, and not, for example, to settlement of variation margin payment obligations, or collection and return of initial margin. Gross and net settlement models may qualify as DvP, PvP or DvD, providing that the final settlement of one leg of the exchange occurs if and only if the final settlement of the other leg also occurs.

Principle 13: Default rules and procedures

Item 13.1: CCPs should disclose quantitative information related to defaults as soon as is practicable, subject to constraints on disclosure such as ongoing legal cases.

Principle 14: Segregation and portability

Item 14.1: Disclosures under item 14.1 give quantitative data on the degree of segregation of client assets. Although some CCPs may be unable to disclose particular items (e.g. CCPs may not know the number of clients covered by omnibus accounts), CCPs should complete this item with as much information as is available. For clearing services where fewer than five clients have individually segregated accounts, the CCP should not disclose information on individually segregated accounts.



Principle 15: General business risk

A CCP that discloses these items in a publicly available annual report would meet this standard, but should also include the data in the quantitative disclosure report so that it is readily available in a single place. This information may be disclosed at the level of the legal entity for which published accounts are prepared, even if clearing services are only one part of the entity's activities. The CCP should note the legal entity or activity to which the disclosure relates. The disclosure may be made at the same time as the annual accounts are released.

Item 15.1: The PFMI states that a CCP should hold liquid net assets funded by equity (such as common stock, disclosed reserves, or retained earnings) so that it can continue operations and services as a going concern if it incurs general business losses. Under this item a CCP should disclose the amount of liquid net assets funded by equity which can absorb general business losses. This should, at a minimum, equal at least six months of current operating expenses in accordance with Principle 15. The CCP should not include in its disclosure for 15.1(a) such amount of its own capital as must be allocated or held for other purposes, such as "skin in the game" in the default waterfall, and is not therefore available to cover business risks.

Principle 16: Custody and investment risks

Items 16.1 to 16.3: These items request disclosures 'as at quarter end'. If a CCP does not consider the composition of its investment portfolio at quarter end to be representative, it is encouraged to provide explanatory notes outlining why this is the case, and to provide additional metrics such as quarterly averages, or maximums, minimums, and interquartile ranges. This disclosure looks at the reinvestment of cash received from participants, and not at how the CCP's own funds are held. If, however, participant cash is co-mingled with the CCP's own funds in the investment portfolio, the CCP should clarify how this is reflected in the data published to satisfy this disclosure, for example by specifying the proportion of the investment portfolio that is funded from the CCP's own funds.

Principle 17: Operational risk

Items 17.1, 17.2, 17.3 and 17.4: Core systems used in clearing are those that enable the acceptance and novation of trades, and enable the calculation of margin and settlement obligations. An incident that results in an interruption to the CCP's ability to perform its own functions in relation to trade acceptance and novation, or calculation of margin and settlement obligations is considered a loss of availability. An incident that compromises the CCP's ability to correctly perform the aforementioned functions is also considered a loss of availability, even if there is no actual outage. Successful failover to a back-up site without interruption to services would not count as a loss of availability. CCPs should make clear to which system or systems performance targets apply.

Principle 18: Access and participation

Item 18.1: It is assumed for the purposes of this disclosure that participants would be the legal entities with which the CCP has a counterparty relationship as a clearing member – CCPs should specify if they are using some other basis to define number of participants. Disclosures in this section would not therefore extend to clients. CCPs should report 'category of membership' as relevant to their business. Where relevant, CCPs should differentiate between clearing members that clear their own trades through a CCP and also offer access to the CCP to their clients (often referred to as 'general clearing members') and clearing members that only clear their own trades (often referred to as 'direct clearing members').

Item 18.2: Percentage of net open positions should be the percentage of gross notional for derivatives or the total cleared value for securities transactions or similar.

Items 18.2 to 18.4: For clearing services with fewer than ten members, this report does not make a disclosure recommendation.



Principle 19: Tiered participation arrangements

Item 19.1: For clearing services with fewer than ten members, this report does not make a disclosure recommendation.

Principle 20: FMI links

Items 20.1 to 20.5: These disclosures refer to arrangements in which trades clear over an interoperable link between CCPs, because clearing members are from different CCPs. CCPs should identify each link and cross-margining arrangement in their supporting comments so that quantitative disclosures can be tied to a specific link.

Items 20.2, 20.3, 20.5, 20.6 and 20.7(b): These items request disclosures 'as at quarter end'. If a CCP does not consider disclosures at quarter end to be representative, it is encouraged to provide explanatory notes outlining why this is the case, and to provide additional metrics such as quarterly averages, or maximums, minimums, and interquartile ranges.

Principle 23: Disclosure of rules, key procedures, and market data

Item 23.1 and 23.2: This item is intended to capture the daily *flow* of clearing activity, while item 23.2 is intended to capture the stock of novated trades that have not yet been settled.

Item 23.3: This information is to be disclosed to facilitate an understanding of which markets might be affected by a CCP being unable to clear. This information should only be provided where the relevant execution facility is content for the CCP to disclose.



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